Appendix A Table 4 Oxford City unmet housing need

- 1) Do Nothing
- 2) 3750 new dwellings
- 3) 5,000 new dwellings
- 4) 15,000 new dwellings

11	✓	хх	X	0	?
Major positive	Minor positive	Major negative	Minor negative	Neutral / No direct effect	Uncertain effect

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2		Option 3		Option 4
1 To help to provide existing and future	х	✓	?	✓	?	xx
residents with the	This option	South Oxfords	hire	Option 3 will h	ave the	The provision of
opportunity to live in a	would result	D.C would be		similar effects	as	15,000 new
decent home and in a	in negative	assisting with		Option 2.		dwellings on top of
decent environment	effects,	City Council's	unmet	South Oxfords	hire	South
supported by	provision of	housing need,		D.C would be		Oxfordshire's
appropriate levels of	housing for	providing hom		assisting with Oxford		determined
infrastructure.	future	future resident	,	City Council's unmet		housing need
	residents	resulting in po		housing need,		would result in
	would not	effects. The lo		providing homes for		significant
	be met	of new homes	would	future residents,		negative effects.
	within the	need to be		resulting in positive		The District would
	County.	determined to		effects. The location		be unable to
		that appropriat		of new homes	would	support this
	Mitigation	infrastructure i	_	need to be		number of
	Consider an	place, to reduc	e any	determined to		dwellings and the
	alternative			that appropriat	te	associated

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
	option	uncertainties. Enhancement Ensure infrastructure is phased alongside new housing development.	infrastructure is in place, to reduce any uncertainties. Enhancement Ensure infrastructure is phased alongside new housing development.	infrastructure. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
2 To help to create safe places for people to use	0	✓	✓	XX
and for businesses to operate, to reduce antisocial behaviour and reduce crime and the fear of crime.	No direct impact	New development may help create safer places through greater pedestrian flows and provide funding through development to ensure secure design principles. Enhancement Ensure that development is designed to reduce crime and the fear of crime	Option 3 will have the similar effects as Option 2. New development may help create safer places through greater pedestrian flows and provide funding through development to ensure secure design principles. Enhancement Ensure that development is designed to reduce crime and the fear of crime	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. Developments would need to be high density developments and it is unlikely that the District would be able to support this number of dwellings and ensure safe places, anti-social behaviour may increase.

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
				Mitigation Consider an alternative option
3 To improve accessibility for everyone to health, education, recreation, cultural, and community facilities and services.	No direct impact	The location of housing is relevant to this option. Additional housing development may result in demand for additional services. Funding may be available for additional services from CIL. Enhancement Ensure housing is located with good access to amenities, were possibly. Ensure funding for additional services is provided.	Option 3 will have the similar effects as Option2. The location of housing is relevant to this option. Additional housing development may result in demand for additional services. Funding may be available for additional services from CIL. Enhancement Ensure housing is located with good access to amenities, were possibly. Ensure funding for additional services is provided.	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. Developments would need to be high density developments and it is unlikely that the District would be able to support this number of dwellings. Capacity of services would be stretched therefore accessibility to services would deteriorate. Mitigation Consider an

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2		Option	3	Option 4
						alternative option
4 To maintain and improve people's	0	?	X	?	x	XX
health, well-being, and community cohesion and support voluntary, community, and faith groups.	No direct impact	The location of housing is relet this option, howensuring sufficient housing and affordable housill have a posteffect, depend the location of dwellings. Mitigation Ensure housing located with goaccess to ame and supports scohesion.	evant to wever sient sing sitive ing on new g is cod enities	Option 3 will h similar effects Option 2. The location of housing is releated this option, housing and affordable housing and affordable housing and the location of dwellings. Mitigation Ensure housing located with gracess to ame and supports scohesion	f evant to wever cient sing on new	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. Developments would need to be high density developments and it is unlikely that the District would be able to support this number of dwellings therefore community cohesion and health and wellbeing are likely to deteriorate. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
5 To reduce harm to the	0	?	X	?	X	XX

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
environment by seeking to minimise pollution of all kinds especially water, air, soil and noise pollution.	No direct impact	Any additional housing on top of the Local Plan 2011 may have a negative effect, especially without mitigation. Providing less housing is likely to result in less impact. In the short term noise pollution may increase during the construction phase. There is likely to be an increase in car borne traffic locally. Any reduction in greenfield land may result in pollution from surface run-off. Mitigation Ensure phasing of development occurs to reduce noise impacts. Encourage the use of permeable surfaces and SuDS.	Option 3 will have the similar effects as Option 2. Any additional housing on top of the Local Plan 2011 may have a negative effect, especially without mitigation. Providing less housing is likely to result in less impact. In the short term noise pollution may increase during the construction phase. There is likely to be an increase in car borne traffic locally. Any reduction in greenfield land may result in pollution from surface run-off. Mitigation Ensure phasing of development occurs to reduce noise impacts.	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within the District is likely to be detrimental to the environment. Mitigation Consider an alternative option

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		Consider sustainable transport accessibility when deciding locations for new housing.	Encourage the use of permeable surfaces and SuDS. Consider sustainable transport accessibility when deciding locations for new housing.	
6 To improve travel	0	? x	? x	XX
choice and accessibility, reduce the need to travel by car and shorten the length and duration of journeys.	No direct impact	The location of housing is relevant to this option, however any increase in population may result in additional vehicle use; additional journeys may be required to access secondary schools, sports facilities and other services. Funding from additional homes could be provided for sustainable/ green transport networks to be improved. Mitigation Ensure good urban	The effects of this option will have a greater negative effect that option 2, because the population will be higher. The location of housing is relevant to this option, however any increase in population may result in additional vehicle use; additional journeys may be required to access secondary schools, sports facilities and other services. Funding from additional homes	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within the District will lead to increased personal vehicle use, public transport is unlikely to be able to provide for this scale of development.

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		design principles are implemented to create good access to towns and villages.	could be provided for sustainable/ green transport networks to be improved.	Mitigation Consider an alternative option
		Work with infrastructure providers to identify were an increase in sustainable modes of transport is required. This should include, cycle ways, linking to green infrastructure. New housing should be located in accessible locations.	Mitigation Ensure good urban design principles are implemented to create good access to towns and villages. Work with infrastructure providers to identify were an increase in sustainable modes of transport is required. This should include, cycle ways, linking to green infrastructure. New housing should be located in	
7 To conserve and	0	? x	accessible locations.	xx
enhance biodiversity	No direct impact	It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon biodiversity, however, providing less housing is likely to result in less impact.	Option 3 will have the similar effects as Option 2. It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon biodiversity, however,	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		There is likely to be an increase in car borne traffic locally. Any reduction in greenfield land may result in pollution from surface run-off. The following European Sites need to be considered when identifying areas for additional housing development. Aston Rowant SAC, Chiltern Beechwoods SAC, Cothill Fen SAC, Hartslock Woods SAC, Little Wittenham SAC Oxford Meadows SAC Additional development can lead to increased emissions from vehicle movement and put strain on water resources, both can have detrimental effects on SAC's. Additional development could assist with funding for biodiversity enhancement for example: green	providing less housing is likely to result in less impact. Any reduction in greenfield land may result in pollution from surface run-off. The following European Sites need to be considered when identifying areas for additional housing development. Aston Rowant SAC, Chiltern Beechwoods SAC, Cothill Fen SAC, Hartslock Woods SAC, Little Wittenham SAC Oxford Meadows SAC Additional development can lead to increased emissions from vehicle movement and put strain on water resources, both can have detrimental effects on SAC's. Additional development could assist with funding for biodiversity enhancement for example: green infrastructure, wildlife areas, buffer zones etc.	would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within the District will lead to further development on greenfield land and it may not be possible to avoid impacts on biodiversity. Mitigation Consider an alternative option

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		infrastructure, wildlife areas, buffer zones etc. Mitigation: Incorporate green infrastructure into the design and biodiversity enhancement schemes. Ensure the Habitats Regulation Assessment Screening is undertaken. Carry out a BAP phase 1 survey.	Mitigation: Incorporate green infrastructure into the design and biodiversity enhancement schemes. Ensure the Habitats Regulation Assessment Screening is undertaken. Carry out a BAP phase 1 survey.	
8 To improve efficiency in land use and to conserve and enhance the district's open spaces and countryside in particular, those areas designated for their landscape importance, minerals, biodiversity and soil quality.	No direct impact	The building of new homes will inevitably result in the loss of some existing greenfield land. It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon this objective, however less additional housing will have less impact on designated sites, biodiversity and soil quality. Mitigation Seek to make the most effective use of any	The building of new homes will inevitably result in the loss of some existing greenfield land. It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon this objective, however less additional housing will have less impact on designated sites, biodiversity and soil quality, therefore the impacts are likely to be more negative that option 2.	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within the District will have a detrimental

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option	2	Option 3		Option 4
		greenfield land. Ensure a high quality of design to minimise impact on the landscape. Protect mineral conservation areas, biodiversity, soil quality and good quality agricultural land. Avoid development in locations that will impact the AONB.		Mitigation Seek to make the most effective use of any greenfield land. Ensure a high quality of design to minimise impact on the landscape. Protect mineral conservation areas, biodiversity, soil quality and good quality agricultural land Avoid development in locations that will impact the AONB.		countryside and those areas designated for their landscape importance, minerals, biodiversity and soil quality. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
9 To conserve and enhance the district's	0	?	Х	?	X	XX
historic environment including archaeological resources and to ensure that new development is of a high quality design and reinforces local distinctiveness.	No direct impact	It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon this objective, however less additional housing will have less impact on the historic environment including archaeological resources. Mitigation Ensure no impact on		It is the distribution and location of new housing that will determine the impact upon this objective, however less additional housing will have less impact on the historic environment including archaeological resources. Mitigation Ensure no impact on the conservation		The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		area and avoid loss of local distinctiveness. A predetermination archaeological deskbased assessment and evaluation should be undertaken to establish a suitable and appropriate level of mitigation.	area and avoid loss of local distinctiveness. A predetermination archaeological deskbased assessment and evaluation should be undertaken to establish a suitable and appropriate level of mitigation.	the District will have a detrimental effect on the historic environment including archaeological resources. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
	0	✓	✓	xx ?
10 To seek to address the causes and effects of climate change by: a) securing sustainable building practices which conserve energy, water resources and materials; b) protecting, enhancing and improving our	No direct impact	New development offers the opportunity to implement sustainable design principles. Additional dwellings will put pressure on resource use including: energy, water capacity and sewage capacity, it is assumed that sustainable design principles will be implemented.	New development offers the opportunity to implement sustainable design principles. Additional dwellings will put pressure on resource use including: energy, water capacity and sewage capacity, it is assumed that sustainable design principles will be implemented.	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need would result in significant negative effects. This scale of housing development within
water supply where possible c) maximizing the proportion of		Mitigation: Include SuDS in all designs.	Mitigation: Include SuDS in all designs.	the District will have a detrimental effect on resource use and exceed
energy		-	-	the carrying

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
generated from renewable sources; and d) ensuring that the design and location of new development is resilient to the effects of climate change.		Promote sustainable building practices which conserve energy, water resources and materials. Continue to work with Thames water to ensure water and sewage capacity is maintained.	Promote sustainable building practices which conserve energy, water resources and materials. Continue to work with Thames water to ensure water and sewage capacity is maintained.	capacity specifically with regard to sewage capacity. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
11 To reduce the risk	0	0	0	xx ?
of, and damage from, flooding.	No direct impact	There are a number of flood zones through-out the district, although land is available outside of the flood zones. Development will take place only on flood zone 1 land and resilience to flooding and the potential impacts of climate change will be incorporated into all new developments, therefore no direct impacts are identified. Enhancement: Identification of development sites should include constraints with	There are a number of flood zones through-out the district, although land is available outside of the flood zones. Development will take place only on flood zone 1 land and resilience to flooding and the potential impacts of climate change will be incorporated into all new developments, therefore no direct impacts are identified. Enhancement: Identification of development sites should include constraints with	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need may result in significant negative effects. Although it is specified that development will take place only on flood zone 1 land and SuDS will be incorporated into all new developments, the scale of development within one District is likely to be detriment towards flooding and mitigation may not possibly.

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
		regard to all types of flooding. Encourage green infrastructure and biodiversity enhancement schemes; these are beneficial to flood prevention and resilience to climate change. Include SUDS in all designs	regard to all types of flooding. Encourage green infrastructure and biodiversity enhancement schemes; these are beneficial to flood prevention and resilience to climate change. Include SUDS in all designs	Consider an alternative option
12 To seek to minimise waste generation and encourage the reuse of waste through recycling, compost, or energy recovery.	No direct impact	The development of new housing, will lead to construction and demolition waste being produced. Mitigation The Site Waste Management Plans Regulations (2008) were repealed on 1 December 2013. Although no longer a regulatory requirement in England, SWMPs are still considered to be good practice.	The development of new housing, will lead to construction and demolition waste being produced. Mitigation The Site Waste Management Plans Regulations (2008) were repealed on 1 December 2013. Although no longer a regulatory requirement in England, SWMPs are still considered to be good practice.	The development of new housing, will lead to construction and demolition waste being produced. More development will increase the amount of waste produced. Mitigation The Site Waste Management Plans Regulations (2008) were repealed on 1 December 2013. Although no longer a regulatory requirement in England, SWMPs

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
				are still considered to be good practice.
13 To assist in the development of: a) high and stable levels of employment and facilitating inward investment; b) a strong, innovative and knowledge-based economy that deliver high-value-added, sustainable, low-impact activities; c) small firms, particularly those that maintain and enhance the rural economy; and d) thriving economies in market towns and villages.	Long term negative effects towards this objective may occur if no provision is made to support Oxford City's unmet housing need. Mitigation Consider an alternative option	Availability of more housing (including affordable housing) could attract workers to the district, as well as helping with staff retention for existing employers. Enhancement Ensure affordable housing is available.	Option 3 will have the similar effects as Option 2. Availability of more housing (including affordable housing) could attract workers to the district, as well as helping with staff retention for existing employers. Enhancement Ensure affordable housing is available.	The provision of 15,000 new dwellings on top of South Oxfordshire's determined housing need may result in significant negative effects due to saturation of services, leading to an unsustainable economy. Mitigation Consider an alternative option
14 To support the	0	✓	✓	ХХ

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
development of Science Vale as an internationally recognised innovation and enterprise zone by: a) attracting new high value businesses; b) supporting innovation and enterprise; c) delivering new jobs; d) supporting and accelerating the delivery of new homes; and e) developing and improving infrastructure across the Science Vale area.	As above	As above	As above	As above
15 To assist in the development of a skilled workforce to support the long term competitiveness of the district by raising education achievement levels and encouraging the development of the skills needed for	No direct impact	No direct impact	No direct impact	No direct impact

SA Objectives	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
everyone to find and remain in work.				
16 To encourage the development of a buoyant, sustainable tourism sector.	0 No direct impact	0 No direct impact	0 No direct impact	0 No direct impact
17 Support community involvement in decisions affecting them and enable communities to provide local services and solutions.	The Council has involved the community in the decision making process. Enhancement: Continue to work with the local community.	The Council has involved the community in the decision making process. Enhancement: Continue to work with the local community.	The Council has involved the community in the decision making process. Enhancement: Continue to work with the local community.	The Council has involved the community in the decision making process. Enhancement: Continue to work with the local community.